

First Bike

Instructions

Made in U.S.A.

Ages: 2-5
Maximum Weight: 60 lbs.
Minimum Height: 35' tall

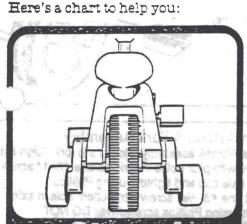


Dear Parents,

Playskool's First Bike is a fun, special way to introduce children to bikes and help them learn to ride. It lets younger children ride two—wheel bikes because of its smaller size, wide wheels and unique training system.

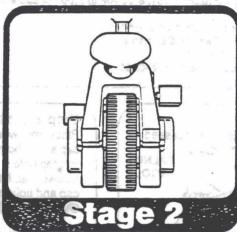
In general, children learn to pedal at 2½ to 3 years of age, but each child is different and may be ready to try new things at different ages. With your encouragement, your child can learn to ride a bike when he or she is ready. A feeling of confidence and security is important when children try something new, so make sure your child's feet touch the floor while sitting on the bike. We have found that children 35" or taller are a comfortable height to sit and pedal the First Bike. Make sure your child wears soft—soled shoes to keep traction on the pedals when learning to pedal.

Our unique training system is designed to help children learn to ride.



Learning to pedal —
Pushes bike with feet or pedals.

10-1-8 REW



Gaining confidence — Pedals and makes turns at the same time. Learning to balance.



Riding a two-wheeler —— Has learned to balance and mastered second stage.

Adults Please Note:

This product should be assembled by an adult. Periodically check all hardware to be sure it is secure. Please read instructions prior to assembly, and save this guide and all literature for future reference. Study each step carefully to familiarize yourself with procedure and parts. Remove all pieces from plastic bags and discard bags IMMEDIATELY. For easier assembly, trim excess plastic from all parts before starting.

Caution

Adult supervision and instruction is required regarding the proper use of this toy. This ride—on toy is not to be used near swimming pools, on or near hills, roadways, or stairways. Shoes must be worn at all times when riding this toy. Designed for only one rider at a time. Do not ride after dark. Do not carry anything, particularly objects that impair vision, while riding this toy. As with all ride—ons, use of a helmet is advisable.

Tools required (not included): Hammer, Phillips® screwdriver and a small block of wood (approx. 2" x 2" x 3/4").





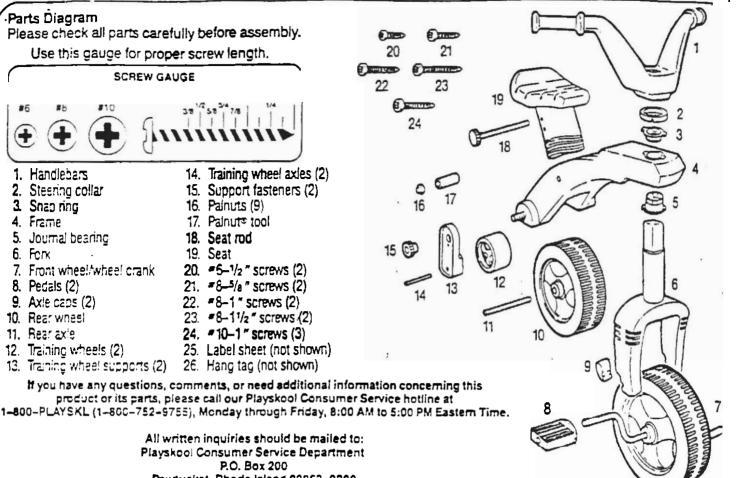
Please check all parts carefully before assembly. Use this gauge for proper screw length.

SCREW GAUGE



- Handlebars
- 2. Steening collar
- 3. Snap ring
- 4. Frame
- Journal bearing
- Fork
- 7. Front wheel/wheel crank
- 8. Pedals (2)
- 9. Axie caps (2)
- 10. Rear wheel
- 11. Rear axie
- 12. Training wheels (2)
- 13. Training wheel supports (2) 26. Hang tag (not shown)

- 14. Training wheel axles (2)
- 15. Support fasteners (2)
- 16. Painuts (9)
- 17. Painute tool
- 18. Seat rod
- 19. Seat
- 20. #6-1/2 " screws (2)
- 21. #8-5/a " screws (2)
- 22. #8-1" screws (2)
- 23. #8-11/2 " screws (2)
- 24. #10-1 " screws (3)
- 25. Label sheet (not shown)



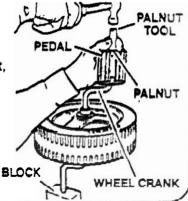
Playskool Consumer Service Department P.O. Box 200 Pawtucket, Rhode Island 02862-0200

Step 1. Peda! Assembly

Slide one pedal onto front wheel crank, Note: The recessed

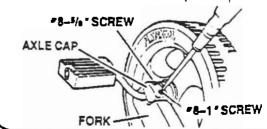
end of the pedal should be facing out, as shown. Fit Palnut® over end of crank. Place block of wood under other end of crank for support. as shown. Fit Painut too! over Painut, Using hammer, hit Painut onto end of crank. Repeat step for other pedal.

Note: If the wreer beauting has slipped out of The center of the wheel prease represent.



Step 2. Front Wheel & Fork Assembly

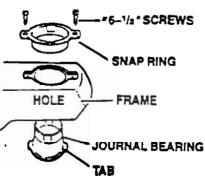
Place front wheel/crank assembly into slots in fork. Align axle cap screw holes with pilot holes in fork. Fit one #8-1 " screw into top hole in axie cap and tighten, using Phillips screwdriver. Fit one #8-5/a " screw into bottom hole in axle cap and tighten, using Phillips screwdriver. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN SCREWS. Repeat step for other side.



Step 3. Fork & Frame Assembly

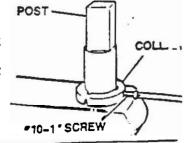
A. Insert journal bearing into hale in bottom of frame, aligning tabs on journal bearing with indentations in frame. Insert snap ring into hole in top of frame. Press down on snap ring until it snaps into journal bearing. Fit two #6-1/2" screws into snap ring/journal bearing assembly and tighten, using

Phillips screwdriver, DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN SCREWS.



B. Insert post on fork into journal bearing/snap ring assembly. Fork should fall into correct position by itself. Axle caps should face the rear of the bike. Place collar fork and slide it down to snap ring, aligning one of the holes in the collar with the front of the bike. Press down on collar and fit one #10-1 '

screw into front hole in collar and tighten, using Phillips screwdriver. Insert remaining two screws into holes in collar, turning fork as needed to see holes. more easily. DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN SCREWS.



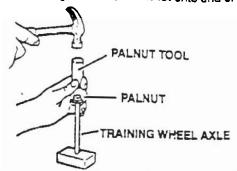
Step 4. Handlebar Assembly

Slide handlebars over square post on fork. Note: Handles should face the rear of the bike. Fit two #8-11/2" screws into holes at front and back in handlebars and tighten, using Phillips screwcriver, DO NOT OVER-TIGHTEN SCREWS.

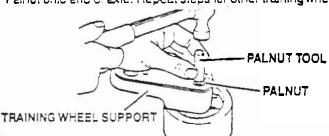


Step 5. Training Wheel Assembly

A. Place training wheel axle (small axle) on small block of wood, as shown. Position Palnut over top end of axle. Fit Palnut tool over Palnut. Using hammer, hit Palnut onto end of

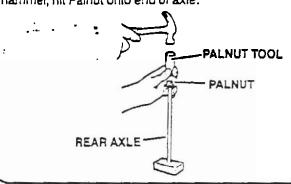


B. Slide axle through hole in wheel. Make sure Palnut fits into recess in front of wheel. Slide axle through front of training wheel support (see illustration). Place back of training wheel support face up. Tap wheel on a flat surface to make sure axle goes completely through support. Position Palnut over end of axle. Fit Palnut tool over Palnut, Using hammer, hit Palnut onto end of axle. Repeat steps for other training wheel.



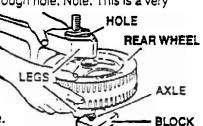
Step 6. Rear Axie & Rear Wheel Assembly

A. Place rear axie on small block of wood, as shown. Position Palnut over end of axle. Fit Palnut tool over Palnut, Using hammer, hit Painut onto end of axle.



B. Slide axle through hole in one rear leg. Position rear wheel between rear legs, and slide axle through hole in wheel. Stand up, and hold leg/wheel assembly as shown in illustration. Place axle on block of wood. Look through hole in rear leg, and align axie with hole. Push down on leg/wheel assembly to push axle through hole. Note: This is a very

snug fit; you may need to use a lot of pressure. With axle on a small block of wood, position. Painut over end of rear axle. Fit Painut tool over Palnut, Using hammer, hit Painut onto end of axie.



Note, it is normal for the man wheel to be slightly elevated when the training wheels are in position,

Step 7. Seat & Frame Assembly

Place seat in hole in frame. Slide seat rod through hole in side of frame, through hole in seat, and through hole on other side of frame. Make sure seat rod snaps into position before using the bike. The seat can be adjusted to three different heights by repeating the above steps, and placing the rod through one of the three holes in the seat. The seat rod should be in place even when the seat is in the lowest position. SEAT ROD SEAT



Hint: Lie bile on its side so you can see the holes more clearly and align them more easily

Step 8. Attaching Training Wheel Supports to Bike

A. For easier assembly, trim excess plastic from thread on post. For beginning riders, make sure the training wheels are on the outside of the supports and facing away from the bike. Place hole in support onto threaded post, making sure knob on support goes into hole in body. Screw support fastener onto post, turning fastener until rib goes past

death and algo them more easily

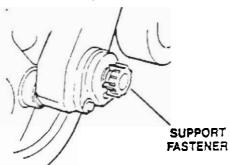
SUPPORT FASTENER RIB . SHINING WHEEL knob. Make sure fastener is securely attached. Repeat for other support. HOLE Him. Lie bide on its sale so you can see the holes more

B. As your child gains confidence, reverse the training wheel supports so that the wheels are inside the supports and facing toward the bike. To reverse supports, unscrew support fasteners, turn supports around, and screw on fasteners. Make sure fasteners are securely attached.

TRAINING WHEEL SUPPORT

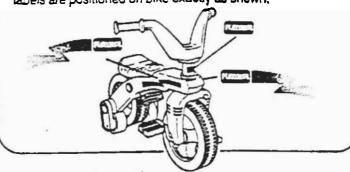
Note: The fasteners fit tightly so that the child cannot remove them. You may need to use two hands or a cloth when you bighten or loosen the fasteners.

When your child is ready to ride a two-wheel bike, remove the training wheel supports from the bike. Re-attach the support fasteners after removing the supports.



Step 9. Label Application

Important: Be sure of label placement before allowing labels to set overnight. Thoroughly wipe label areas clean with dry cloth before applying labels. Peel labels from label sheet one at a time and apply as shown. For best results, be sure all labels are positioned on bike exactly as shown.





Step 10. Hang Tag

Retailer: When displaying the bike, please slip the hang tag onto the handlebars.
Consumer: Please discard the hang tag.

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Replacement Parts Order Form

JTEM NO. 🕠	DESCRIPTION	PART NO.
1	Frame	4225000C
2	Fork.	42250100
3	Training wheels (2)	42250200
4	Handlebars	42250300
5	Sea:	42250400
5	Front wheel/wheel crank	42251900
7	Rear wheel assembly	42253000
9	Support fasteners (2)	42250900
10. 8. 17	Pedals (2), Painuts® (2), Painut tool	Kit. No. 9100
11	Seat rod	42251100
12	Axie caps (2)	42251200
13	Steering collar	42251400
14, 24, 8,	Training wheel supports (2), training wheel axies (2), Palnuts (4), Palnut tool,	Krl. No. 9102
17, 3, 9	training wheels (2), support fasteners (2)	
15	Snap nng	42251600
16	Journal bearing	42251700
17, 18, 19,	Hardware bag - Painuts (9), #8-11/2" screws (2), #8-1" screws (2), #10-1" screws (3),	42251800
20, 21, 22	*8-\$/a * screws (2), *6-1/a * screws (2)	
23	Rear axle	42252100
24	Training whee! axles (2)	42252200
25	Label sheet	42334500